Whose Kid Is This? And Other Good Reasons to Conduct Dependent Eligibility Audits

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Good Reasons to Conduct Dependent Eligibility Audits

Introduction

Who is an Ineligible Dependent?

How do Ineligible Dependents get on your Plan?

How to Find and Remove Ineligible Dependents

Savings and Other Reasons

Then What?

Questions

Who Is an Ineligible Dependent?

- Let's start by defining an ELIGIBLE Dependent
 - Spouse/Partner OR Child
 - Eligible for benefits according to the Plan's Eligibility Rules
- Eligibility is usually based on:
 - Relationship (marriage, child, child by marriage)
 - Age (up to age 26)
 - Legal Situation (foster parent, QMCSO, guardianship)

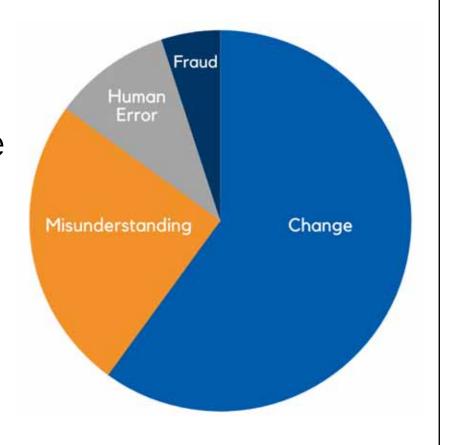
Who Is an Ineligible Dependent?

- Examples of INELIGIBLE Dependents*
 - Grandchildren
 - Nieces/Nephews
 - Housekeepers
 - Girlfriends/Boyfriends
- Biggest Category: Ex-Spouses



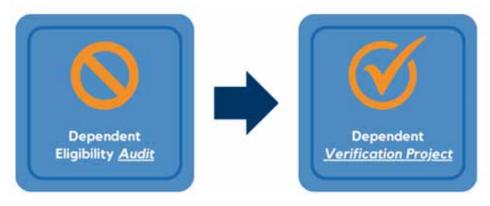
How Did Ineligible Dependents Get on Your Plan?

- Change
- Misunderstanding
- Human Error/Digital Noise
- Fraud



How to Remove Ineligible Dependents

Dependent Eligibility Audit:
 Survey members and ask for proof documents



Your *REASON* is to find and remove ineligibles; your *GOAL* should be to reach all members and verify all eligible dependents.

Include ALL members with dependents (no sampling)

Dependent Eligibility Audits: Outreach

- Communication, communication, communication
 - Members need to know what's happening,
 why it's happening, and what they need to do
- Snail Mail
 - Email can be supplemental outreach
- Phone
 - HUMANS answering members' questions and placing outbound calls



Dependent Eligibility Audits: Responses









- Phone
 - HUMANS answering members' questions and placing outbound calls

Dependent Eligibility Audits: Best Practices

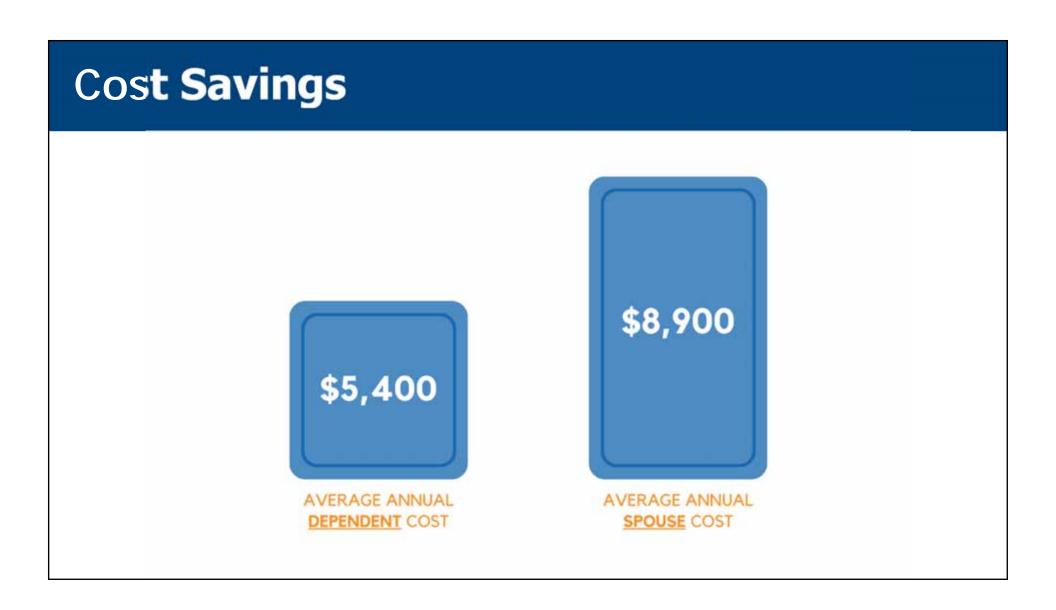








 HUMANS answering members' questions and placing outbound calls



Cost Savings

• EXAMPLE A: Fund with 500 Members

| Percent of Dependents Removed | Number of Dependents Removed | Estimated Annual Savings* | Estimated Fee | Return on Investment |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 5% | 35 | \$189,000 | \$11,000 | \$17:\$1 |

Cost Savings

• EXAMPLE B: Fund with 1,000 Members

| Percent of Dependents Removed | Number of Dependents Removed | Estimated Annual Savings* | Estimated Fee | Return on Investment |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 5% | 70 | \$378,000 | \$19,000 | \$20 : \$1 |

Cost Savings

• EXAMPLE C: Fund with 6,000 Members

| Percent of Dependents Removed | Number of Dependents Removed | Estimated Annual Savings* | Estimated Fee | Return on Investment |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 5% | 414 | \$2,235,600 | \$71,000 | \$31:\$1 |

Other Good Reasons to Conduct Dependent Eligibility Audits







After the Dependent Audit

- Internal eligibility maintenance
- Outsourced eligibility maintenance
- Re-verify spouses AT LEAST every 3 years!

Key Takeaways

- Eligible vs. Ineligible dependents
- Why do a dependent audit?
- What's the best way to do a dependent audit?



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